

ISO/ASTM 52901:2017 (Reapproved 2023)(E)



Standard Guide for Additive Manufacturing – General Principles – Requirements for Purchased AM Parts¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation ISO/ASTM 52901; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision.

1. Scope

1.1 This document defines and specifies requirements for purchased parts made by additive manufacturing.

1.2 It gives guidelines for the elements to be exchanged between the customer and the part provider at the time of the order, including the customer order information, part definition data, feedstock requirements, final part characteristics and properties, inspection requirements, and part acceptance methods.

1.3 It is applicable for use as a basis to obtain parts made by additive manufacturing that meet minimum acceptance requirements. More stringent part requirements can be specified through the addition of one or more supplementary requirements at the time of the order.

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Normative references

2.1 The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

2.2 ASTM Standards:²

D3122 Specification for Solvent Cements for Styrene-Rubber (SR) Plastic Pipe and Fittings

¹ This international standard is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F42 on Additive Manufacturing Technologies and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F42.05 on Materials and Processes and also is under the jurisdiction of ISO/TC 261.

Current edition approved June 11, 2017. Published July 2017.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at www.astm.org/contact. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

2.3 ISO/ASTM Standard:^{2,3}

ISO/ASTM 52921 Standard terminology for additive manufacturing – Coordinate systems and test methodologies

2.4 ISO Standard:³

ISO 17296-3 Additive manufacturing – General principles – Part 3: Main characteristics and corresponding test methods

3. Terms and definitions

3.1 *Definitions:* For the purposes of this document, the terms and definitions given in ISO/ASTM 52900 and the following apply.⁴

3.1.1 *pre-shipment inspection*—inspection carried out by the part producer on the parts to be supplied according to the part definition or on the test units in order to verify that these parts are in compliance with the order requirements.

3.1.2 *qualification part*—part fabricated prior to commencing production which is used to qualify specific aspects of the manufacturing process or part characteristics in order to use as a basis to initiate production.

3.1.3 *first production part*—part with the same geometry (and with the same tolerances), same material and same properties as the one requested by the order that allows verification by the customer that the production processes are capable of producing parts that meet the requirements.

3.1.4 *reference part*—part with characteristics similar to the desired final parts but with different geometry or scale or features that can be easily measured or characterized.

3.1.4.1 *Discussion*—Reference parts are typically sacrificial parts with simple geometries that are used to verify build properties and reduce measurement effort.

3.1.5 *acceptance*—agreement between the customer and part provider that the delivered part(s) meet the purchase order requirements.

³ Available from International Organization for Standardization (ISO), ISO Central Secretariat, BIBC II, Chemin de Blandonnet 8, CP 401, 1214 Vernier, Geneva, Switzerland, <http://www.iso.org>.

⁴ ISO and IEC maintain terminological databases for use in standardization at the following addresses: IEC Electropedia: available at <http://www.electropedia.org/> and ISO Online browsing platform: available at <http://www.iso.org/obp>.



3.1.6 *inspection plan*—Set of instructions specifying the process of verification including appropriate resources and sequence of inspections to be referenced by the manufacturing plan.

3.1.7 *part provider*—manufacturer or distributor of parts produced by an additive manufacturing process.

3.1.8 *customer*—person or group ordering and receiving parts manufactured by additive manufacturing equipment.

4. Requirements

4.1 General

4.1.1 The elements described in 4.2 to 4.5 shall be included in the purchase order subject to agreement between the customer and the part provider. Annex A1 provides a typical content of a purchase order.

4.2 Part ordering information

4.2.1 The part order shall include the following elements:

- (a) customer organization and contact information (preferably with points of contact for ordering, payment and delivery);
- (b) definition of the part(s) to be manufactured;
- (c) associated conditions of delivery to the customer;
- (d) other purchase requirements;
- (e) reference identification of this document, i.e. ISO/ASTM 52901 and other relevant national/international regulations;
- (f) customer part order identification (requisition number, requisition date, etc.);
- (g) designation or description of the part(s) desired (part number/identification, revision index, etc.);
- (h) quantity of parts desired;
- (i) required delivery date, if single order;
- (j) required delivery quantity, frequency and time duration of the order, if ongoing or multiple orders;
- (k) required marking or tagging of the parts, including, for example, labels, serial number, lot number, feedstock type, part provider's reference, inspection identifier, traceability reference, etc.;
- (l) part packaging requirements for delivery to customer;
- (m) customer shipping address;

4.2.2 The specific values of the elements are subject to agreement between the customer and the part provider.

4.3 Definition of the part to be manufactured

4.3.1 General

4.3.1.1 The part definition shall include the following elements:

- part geometry;
- tolerances;
- surface texture;
- build orientation, if necessary to meet the customer requirements;
- feedstock for the part to be manufactured; if necessary to meet the customer requirements;
- repair methods (taking into account the testing categories defined in ISO 17296-3);
- acceptable imperfections or deviations;
- process control information.

NOTE 1—Disclosure of proprietary information is subject to agreement between the customer and the part provider.

4.3.2 Part geometry

4.3.2.1 The part definition shall include the following elements:

- (a) the engineering drawing reference (number, index and version) if applicable,
- (b) the digital file reference (name, format, version) if applicable,
- (c) the geometry description by:
 - (1) an engineering drawing that fully defines the part, or
 - (2) a digital file containing the 3D model or the part geometry information; for electronic data exchanges, the customer and the part provider shall ensure that the systems used are compatible, and define:

(i) the method for supplying digital files, including level of confidentiality and methods for data protection,

(ii) the format of the electronic data, and

(iii) the procedures for creating the digital file (including source of the electronic data and conversion requirements necessary to produce the digital file).

4.3.2.2 The part geometry description documents may be supplied by the customer or by the part provider.

NOTE 2—The STL file format used by many additive manufacturing machines does not contain units of measurement as metadata. When only STL files are provided by the customer, ordering information is to specify the units of measurements of the part along with the digital file. More information about digital files can be found in ISO/ASTM 52915.

4.3.3 Tolerances

4.3.3.1 The tolerances shall be specified (e.g. general tolerances, see ISO 2768-1 and ISO 2768-2 and/or specific, ISO 1101), including the definition of functional (e.g. machining allowance for finishing or rework) and aesthetic or cosmetic zones, so that the part provider can orient the part according to the requirements, and decide on the location and type of part support structures if needed.

4.3.4 Surface texture

4.3.4.1 The surface texture (also known as surface finish) of the part should be specified, if possible by reference to existing standards (e.g., by using ISO 1302 and/or ISO 25178-1).

4.3.4.2 The surface texture requirement may be specified by a maximum value of roughness/waviness for the whole part or by a specific roughness/waviness for one or more critical surfaces.

NOTE 3—The surface texture typically depends on several process parameters including part orientation and layer thickness.

4.3.5 Part manufacturing process

4.3.5.1 The desired manufacturing process for building the part shall be identified, including necessary post processing steps (e.g. heat treatment, surface finishing).

4.3.5.2 The build orientation shall follow the rules given in ISO/ASTM 52921.

NOTE 4—The build orientation is usually chosen by the part provider to meet the requirements; however, the customer can specify the build orientation of the part if needed to achieve specific mechanical properties.

4.3.6 Feedstock for the part to be manufactured