

International Standard

**5282**

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Aromatic hydrocarbons — Determination of sulphur content — Pitt-Ruprecht reduction and spectrophotometric method

Hydrocarbures aromatiques — Dosage du soufre — Méthode par réduction et spectrophotométrie de Pitt-Ruprecht

First edition — 1982-01-15

Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 5282 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 78, *Aromatic hydrocarbons*, and was circulated to the member bodies in September 1979.

It has been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Austria	Italy	Romania
Czechoslovakia	Korea, Rep. of	South Africa, Rep. of
France	Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	United Kingdom
Germany, F. R.	Netherlands	USSR
Hungary	Philippines	
India	Poland	

No member body expressed disapproval of the document.