

INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



3052

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION · МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ · ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

UNIVERSITÄTSBIBLIOTHEK
HANNOVER
TECHNISCHE
INFORMATIONSBIBLIOTHEK

Gypsum plasters — Determination of water of crystallization content

Plâtres — Détermination de la teneur en eau de cristallisation

First edition — 1974-08-01

UDC 691.55/.56 : 548.562

Ref. No. ISO 3052-1974 (E)

Descriptors : gypsum plaster, chemical analysis, determination of content, water of crystallization, gravimetric analysis.

Price based on 2 pages

Preisgr. 8

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO Member Bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO Technical Committees. Every Member Body interested in a subject for which a Technical Committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that Committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the Technical Committees are circulated to the Member Bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 3052 was drawn up by Technical Committee ISO/TC 152, *Gypsum, gypsum plasters and gypsum products*, and circulated to the Member Bodies in March 1973.

It has been approved by the Member Bodies of the following countries :

Australia	Mexico	Spain
Austria	Netherlands	Sweden
Bulgaria	New Zealand	Thailand
France	Poland	Turkey
Germany	Portugal	United Kingdom
Iran	Romania	U.S.S.R.
Ireland	South Africa, Rep. of	

The Member Bodies of the following countries expressed disapproval of the document on technical grounds :

Czechoslovakia
Italy