
INTERNATIONAL STANDARD



1118

INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATION FOR STANDARDIZATION • МЕЖДУНАРОДНАЯ ОРГАНИЗАЦИЯ ПО СТАНДАРТИЗАЦИИ • ORGANISATION INTERNATIONALE DE NORMALISATION

Aluminium and aluminium alloys — Determination of titanium — Spectrophotometric chromotropic acid method

Aluminium et alliages d'aluminium — Dosage du titane — Méthode spectrophotométrique à l'acide chromotropique

First edition — 1978-12-15

UDC 669.71 : 543.42 : 546.821

Ref. No. ISO 1118-1978 (E)

Descripteurs : aluminium, aluminium alloys, chemical analysis, determination of content, titanium, spectrophotometric analysis.

Price based on 6 pages

FOREWORD

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards institutes (ISO member bodies). The work of developing International Standards is carried out through ISO technical committees. Every member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been set up has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work.

Draft International Standards adopted by the technical committees are circulated to the member bodies for approval before their acceptance as International Standards by the ISO Council.

International Standard ISO 1118 was developed by Technical Committee ISO/TC 79, *Light metals and their alloys*.

It was submitted directly to the ISO Council, in accordance with clause 6.13.1 of the Directives for the technical work of ISO. It cancels and replaces ISO Recommendation R 1118-1969, which had been approved by the member bodies of the following countries :

Belgium	Iran	South Africa, Rep. of
Canada	Israel	Spain
Colombia	Italy	Sweden
Czechoslovakia	Japan	Switzerland
Egypt, Arab Rep. of	Korea, Rep. of	Thailand
France	Netherlands	Turkey
Germany, F.R.	New Zealand	United Kingdom
Hungary	Norway	U.S.A.
India	Poland	U.S.S.R.

No member body had expressed disapproval of the document.