



Designation: F3023 – 18 (Reapproved 2025)

Standard Test Methods for Evaluating Design and Performance Characteristics of Stationary Upright and Recumbent Exercise Bicycles and Upper and Total Body Ergometers¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F3023; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

INTRODUCTION

The goal of these test methods is to provide reliable and repeatable methods for the evaluation of stationary upright and recumbent exercise bicycles and ergometers.

The equipment user must recognize, however, that a standard alone will not necessarily prevent injuries. Like other physical activities, exercise involving stationary this equipment involves the risk of injury, particularly if the equipment is used improperly or is not properly maintained. In addition, users with physical limitations should seek medical advice and instruction from the fitness facility prior to using this equipment. Certain physical conditions or limitations may preclude some persons from using this equipment as intended by the manufacturer, and using this equipment may increase the risk of injury.

1. Scope

1.1 These test methods specify procedures and equipment used for testing and evaluating stationary exercise upright and recumbent bicycles and ergometers for compliance to Specification **F1250**. Both design and operational parameters will be evaluated. Where possible and applicable, accepted test methods from other recognized bodies will be used and referenced. In the case of a conflict between this document and Specification **F1250**, Specification **F1250** takes precedence.

1.2 *Requirements*—Stationary exercise bicycles and ergometers are to be tested for the parameters specified in Specification **F2276** and Test Methods **F2571** and the following parameters unique to this equipment:

- 1.2.1 Seat post construction and loading,
- 1.2.2 Handlebar construction and loading,
- 1.2.3 Pedal construction and loading,
- 1.2.4 Crank arm and enclosure entrapment,
- 1.2.5 Seat back support loading,
- 1.2.6 Stability,
- 1.2.7 Direct Drive Exercise Bicycle Pedal Endurance,
- 1.2.8 Warnings, and
- 1.2.9 Documentation.

¹ These test methods are under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **F08** on Sports Equipment, Playing Surfaces, and Facilities and are the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **F08.30** on Fitness Products.

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1.3 This test method² contains additional requirements to address the accessibility of the equipment for persons with disabilities.

1.4 *Units*—The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to inch-pound units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.5 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.6 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:³

² This work was funded, in part, by the Rehabilitation Engineering Research Center on RecTech through the National Institute on Disability, Independent Living, and Rehabilitation Research grant #90RE5009-01-00.

³ For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at www.astm.org/contact. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

- F1250** Specification for Stationary Upright and Recumbent Exercise Bicycles and Upper and Total Body Ergometers
- F1749** Specification for Fitness Equipment and Fitness Facility Safety Signage and Labels
- F2276** Specification for Fitness Equipment
- F2277** Test Methods for Evaluating Design and Performance Characteristics of Selectorized Strength Equipment
- F2571** Test Methods for Evaluating Design and Performance Characteristics of Fitness Equipment
- F3021** Specification for Universal Design of Fitness Equipment for Inclusive Use by Persons with Functional Limitations and Impairments
- F3022** Test Method for Evaluating the Universal Design of Fitness Equipment for Inclusive Use by Persons with Functional Limitations and Impairments

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions*—For definitions applicable to this standard, see Specifications **F1250** and **F3021**.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 The purpose of these test methods is to provide reliable and repeatable test methods for the evaluation of stationary exercise bicycles and ergometers assembled and maintained according to the manufacturer's specifications. Use of these test methods in conjunction with Specifications **F1250** and **F3021** is intended to ensure appropriate performance and reliability of said equipment and reduce the risk of serious injury from design deficiencies.

5. Sample Preparations

5.1 Assemble and adjust the machine on a horizontal surface according to the manufacturer's instructions. For machines that are fully assembled, verify according to the manufacturer's instructions that all components are functioning and that they have been adjusted and aligned properly. Unless otherwise stated, the machine must pass the following tests without adjustment from this initial condition. Apply power to, if required, or use the machine and verify that the unit functions properly.

5.2 The individual test methods will describe any variations or modifications to the test sample that are required.

5.3 Unless noted, the machine shall function as intended by the manufacturer after the completion of each test.

6. Test Methods and Procedures

6.1 In addition to the tests specified in Test Methods **F2571**, stationary exercise bicycles and ergometers shall be evaluated with the following test methods and procedures. These test methods align with the design and construction requirements specified in Specification **F1250** (Section 5).

6.2 *Seat Post*—The purpose of this test is to evaluate the construction and retention of the seat post.

6.2.1 *Apparatus and Set Up*—The sample shall be set up as described in Section 5.

6.2.2 *Calibration*—Verify that the measurement device is properly calibrated and has a resolution of 1 mm (0.04 in.).

6.2.3 *Procedure*—The following steps should be followed to test the specifications for the seat post.

6.2.3.1 *Insertion Depth*—If the seat post is adjustable and removable, remove the seat post from the machine. Measure the largest cross-sectional dimension of the seat post. Multiply this number by 1.5. Inspect the seat post and verify that there is a mark on the seat post indicating the minimum insertion depth at the dimension calculated above. Verify that the mark defined above is even with the top of or below the top of the seat adjustment sleeve tube when the seat is adjusted into its uppermost position. If the minimum insertion depth is provided by design, verify that the design is such that the seat post cannot be removed from the machine without the use of tools or that the seat post cannot be removed without the retention means seating and attaining the minimum insertion depth.

6.2.3.2 Verify that the seat post is adjustable and that the seat post is retained in any of its adjustment positions by a clamp, pin, or similar means.

6.2.3.3 Verify that there is a seat support plate or structure present between the underside of the seat and the top end of the seat post.

6.2.3.4 Refer to Test Methods **F2571** Subsection 7.11.1 and follow the procedure for intrinsic load testing of the seat.

6.2.4 *Pass/Fail Criteria*—The seat post shall conform to dimensional and component requirements of Subsection 5.1 of Specification **F1250**, as well as the loading requirements of Specifications **F1250** and **F2276**. If the above criteria are not met the sample shall fail the test.

6.2.5 *Precision and Bias*—No information is presented about either the precision or bias of this test since the test result is non-quantitative.

6.2.5.1 *Precision*—The precision of this test method has not been determined.

6.2.5.2 *Bias*—The bias of this test method includes quantitative estimates of the uncertainties of the measuring devices, the calibrations of testing equipment, and the skill of the operators. At this time, the statements on bias should be limited to documented performance of particular laboratories.

6.3 *Seat Deflection or Tilt*—The purpose of this test is to evaluate the tilt requirements of the seat assembly.

6.3.1 *Apparatus and Set Up*—The sample shall be set up as described in Section 5 with the seat adjusted into its uppermost adjustment position. Possible methods of providing the force for this test include, but are not limited to, pneumatic cylinder(s) or dead weights. If necessary, the machine may be restrained from movement provided the restraint does not aid the structure or otherwise interfere in the test. Clamp a load receiving plate 50 by 50 mm (1.97 by 1.97 in.) flush with the front (and then the rear) of the seat in such a way that a vertical load can be applied to the seat in an upward vertical direction and then a downward vertical direction. Zero and measure the angle of the loading plate as referenced to the floor.

6.3.2 *Calibration*—Verify the load application system is calibrated and is accurate to within $\pm 2\%$ of applied load. Verify that the measurement device is properly calibrated and has a resolution of $\frac{1}{2}^\circ$ or less.

6.3.3 *Procedure*—Apply an upward vertical load to the loading plate. Maintain the load for 5 min then remove.