



Standard Specification for Chlorinated Poly (Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Pipe and Fittings for Chemical Waste Drainage Systems¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation F2618; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ε) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope*

1.1 This specification covers the performance requirements of CPVC pipe, fittings and solvent cements used in chemical waste drainage systems.

1.2 A system is made up of pipe, fittings and solvent cement that meet the requirements of this standard.

NOTE 1—Consult the manufacturer's chemical resistance recommendations for chemical waste drainage applications prior to use.

1.3 The text of this specification references notes, footnotes and appendices that provide explanatory material. These notes and footnotes (excluding those in tables and figures) shall not be considered as requirements of the specification.

1.4 The pressure tests described in this standard are laboratory hydrostatic tests that are intended to verify joint/system integrity. They are not intended for use as field tests of installed systems.

1.5 Due to inherent hazards associated with testing components and systems with compressed air or other compressed gases, no such testing shall be done unless the component manufacturer gives approval in writing.

NOTE 2—Pressurized (compressed) air or other compressed gases contain large amounts of stored energy, which present serious safety hazards should a system fail for any reason.

1.6 Mechanical joints used for joining pipe and fittings of different materials are provided for in this specification. They include common flanges, couplings, and unions.

1.7 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

NOTE 3—This specification specifies dimensional, performance, and test requirements for fluid handling applications but does not address venting of combustion gases.

1.8 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the*

responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.

1.9 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D543 Practices for Evaluating the Resistance of Plastics to Chemical Reagents

D618 Practice for Conditioning Plastics for Testing

D1600 Terminology for Abbreviated Terms Relating to Plastics (Withdrawn 2024)³

D1784 Classification System and Basis for Specification for Rigid Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (PVC) Compounds and Chlorinated Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Compounds

D2122 Test Method for Determining Dimensions of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

D2321 Practice for Underground Installation of Thermoplastic Pipe for Sewers and Other Gravity-Flow Applications

D2412 Test Method for Determination of External Loading Characteristics of Plastic Pipe by Parallel-Plate Loading

D2444 Practice for Determination of the Impact Resistance of Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings by Means of a Tup (Falling Weight)

D3311 Specification for Drain, Waste, and Vent (DWV) Plastic Fittings Patterns

F402 Practice for Safe Handling of Solvent Cements, Primers, and Cleaners Used for Joining Thermoplastic Pipe and Fittings

F412 Terminology Relating to Plastic Piping Systems

F493 Specification for Solvent Cements for Chlorinated

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee F17 on Plastic Piping Systems and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee F17.63 on DWV.

Current edition approved April 1, 2024. Published April 2024. Originally approved in 2009. Last previous edition approved in 2021 as F2618–21. DOI: 10.1520/F2618-24

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

Poly(Vinyl Chloride) (CPVC) Plastic Pipe and Fittings
F1498 Specification for Taper Pipe Threads 60° for Thermo-
 plastic Pipe and Fittings
F2135 Specification for Molded Drain, Waste, and Vent
 (DWV) Short-Pattern Plastic Fittings

2.2 Other Documents:

International Plumbing Code⁴

Uniform Plumbing Code⁵

Federal Standard 123 Marking for Shipment (Civilian Agencies)⁶

Federal Standard 129 Military Marking for Shipment and Storage⁶

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 Definitions used in this specification are in accordance with the definitions given in Terminology **F412**, and abbreviations are in accordance with Terminology **D1600**, unless otherwise indicated.

3.1.2 The plumbing terminology used in this specification is in accordance with the definitions given in the International Plumbing Code and the Uniform Plumbing Code, unless otherwise indicated.

4. Requirements

4.1 The requirements in this section are intended only for use as quality control tests, not as simulated service tests.

4.1.1 All pipe and fittings shall be homogeneous throughout and be free of visible cracks, holes, foreign inclusions, or other injurious defects. The pipe and fittings shall be as uniform as commercially practicable in color, opacity, density and other physical properties.

4.1.2 Pipe and fittings shall be joined by the use of solvent cement, threading, or mechanical joints meeting the requirements of this standard and as recommended by the manufacturer.

4.1.3 All dimensions shall be determined in accordance with Test Method **D2122**.

4.1.4 All components within a system shall meet the specifications of this standard.

4.1.5 **CPVC Solvent Cement**—The CPVC solvent cement used to join the pipe and fittings covered under this specification shall comply with Section **5** and **9.4**. Consult the pipe and fitting manufacturer to determine whether or not a primer is required.

NOTE 4—At lower temperatures (< 40 °F, or < 4 °C) and for larger diameters of pipe and fittings (>6 in. in diameter), a primer may be recommended by the manufacturer.

4.1.6 Mechanical fittings shall meet the requirements of **7.4**.

4.2 Materials:

4.2.1 **CPVC Material**—All pipe and fittings shall be made CPVC compounds meeting or exceeding the requirements of cell classification 23447 as defined in Specification **D1784**.

4.2.2 CPVC materials shall be permitted to contain stabilizers, lubricants, and pigments not detrimental to pipe and fittings provided that the final compound, and the pipe and fittings produced, meet the requirements of this specification.

4.2.3 **Rework Material**—Clean rework material generated from the manufacturer's own pipe or fittings may be used provided the pipe or fittings produced meet the requirements of this specification.

4.2.4 All thread sealants, gaskets, and seal rings shall be of a material that meets the chemical resistance for the end use application.

5. General Requirements for Solvent Cement

5.1 The solvent cement shall meet the general requirements of standard **F493** and be classified as heavy-bodied, having a minimum viscosity of 1600 cP (1600 MPa-s).

5.2 The cement shall not contain any inorganic fillers.

5.3 CPVC solvent cement meeting the requirements of this standard shall be mustard in color to facilitate identification and minimize unintentional use of other cements that may fail at elevated service temperatures.

NOTE 5—Safe handling of solvent cements: Solvent cements for plastic pipe are made from flammable liquids. Keep them away from all sources of ignition. Maintain proper ventilation to reduce fire hazard and to minimize breathing of solvent vapors. Avoid contact of cement with skin and eyes. Refer to Practice **F402** for information on safe handling of solvent cements.

6. Dimensions and Tolerances

6.1 The patterns, dimensions, and laying lengths of molded fittings, including adaptors, shall meet the requirements of Specifications **D3311** or **F2135** or shall be of a proven design and shall allow a smooth transition of flow from one direction to another. Specialty fittings or fittings with laying lengths not meeting the requirements of Specification **D3311** or Specification **F2135** shall not be excluded. For these fittings, laying lengths shall be provided by the manufacturer.⁷

NOTE 6—ASTM International takes no position respecting the validity of any patent rights asserted in connection with any item mentioned in this standard. Users of this standard are expressly advised that determination of the validity of any such patent rights, and the risk of infringement of such rights, are entirely their own responsibility.

6.1.1 The outside diameter and wall thickness of pipe shall meet the requirements of **Table 1** and **Table 2**.

6.1.2 Fitting sockets shall conform to the dimensional requirements as specified in **Table 3**.

6.1.3 The spigot dimensions of fittings shall meet the requirements of **Table 1** and **Table 2**.

⁴ Available from International Code Council (ICC), 200 Massachusetts Ave., NW, Suite 250, Washington, DC 20001, <http://www.iccsafe.org>.

⁵ Available from International Association of Plumbing and Mechanical Officials, 4755 E. Philadelphia St., Ontario, CA 91761, <http://www.iapmo.org>.

⁶ Available from DLA Document Services, Building 4/D, 700 Robbins Ave., Philadelphia, PA 19111-5094, <http://quicksearch.dla.mil>.

⁷ Molded fittings meeting the requirements of Specification **D3311** made from CPVC and used for piping that handles corrosive waste are covered by a patent. Interested parties are invited to submit information regarding the identification of an alternative(s) to this patented item to the ASTM International Headquarters. Your comments will receive careful consideration at a meeting of the responsible technical committee, which you may attend.