



Standard Specification for Tungsten-Rhenium Alloy Thermocouple Wire¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation E696; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

1. Scope

1.1 This specification covers the requirements for bare, solid conductor, tungsten and rhenium alloy thermoelements having diameters of 0.127 mm (0.005 in.) to 0.508 mm (0.020 in.) supplied in matched pairs. These thermoelements shall be suitable for use either in bead-insulated, bare-wire thermocouples, or in compacted metal-sheathed, ceramic insulated thermocouple material or assemblies.

1.2 This specification covers the thermocouple combinations of tungsten-3 % rhenium versus tungsten-25 % rhenium (W3Re/W25Re) and tungsten-5 % rhenium versus tungsten-26 % rhenium (W5Re/W26Re; Type C). All information applies to both combinations unless otherwise noted.

1.3 It is recognized that the alloys described are refractory and are not suitable for use at high temperatures in oxidizing atmospheres. All tests and processes described herein must be performed under conditions that are non-reactive to tungsten-rhenium alloys.

1.4 The values stated in SI units are to be regarded as the standard. The values given in parentheses are for information only.

1.5 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 ASTM Standards:²

E8/E8M Test Methods for Tension Testing of Metallic Materials

¹ This specification is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee E20 on Temperature Measurement and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee E20.13 on Thermocouples - Materials and Accessories Specifications.

Current edition approved July 1, 2023. Published July 2023. Originally approved in 1979. Last previous edition approved in 2018 as E696 – 07 (2018). DOI: 10.1520/E0696-23.

² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

E207 Test Method for Thermal EMF Test of Single Thermoelement Materials by Comparison With Reference Thermoelement of Similar EMF-Temperature Properties
E220 Test Method for Calibration of Thermocouples By Comparison Techniques
E230/E230M Specification for Temperature-Electromotive Force (emf) Tables for Standardized Thermocouples
E344 Terminology Relating to Thermometry and Hydrometry
E452 Test Method for Calibration of Refractory Metal Thermocouples Using a Radiation Thermometer
E988 Temperature-Electromotive Force (EMF) Tables for Tungsten-Rhenium Thermocouples (Withdrawn 2011)³
E1751/E1751M Guide for Temperature Electromotive Force (emf) Tables for Non-Letter Designated Thermocouple Combinations

3. Terminology

3.1 Definitions:

3.1.1 For definitions used in this standard, see Terminology **E344**.

3.2 Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:

3.2.1 *dope, vt*—in this specification, to add potassium, silicon and aluminum compounds or other volatile substances to the alloy powders during the preparation to produce a ductile wire. See NASA CR-72884.⁴

3.2.1.1 *Discussion*—Some alloy powders are doped.

3.2.2 *lot, n*—a quantity of wire processed or heat treated as a single continuous length and identified uniquely.

4. Ordering Information

4.1 A purchase order for thermocouple material conforming to this specification shall specify the following:

4.1.1 *Thermocouple Wire Composition*—May be W3Re/W25Re or W5Re/W26Re.

4.1.2 *Wire Size*—Specify size with each order.

4.1.3 *Wire Length*—Specify total amount of each wire and minimum continuous length.

³ The last approved version of this historical standard is referenced on www.astm.org.

⁴ NASA CR-72884, "Some Studies on Behavior of W-Re Thermocouple Materials at High Temperatures." Available from National Aeronautics and Space Administration, 400 Maryland Ave. S.W., Washington, DC 20546.

4.1.4 *Thermocouple Calibration*—Calibration will be in accordance with Section 5.1.4 unless otherwise specified.

4.1.5 *Supplementary Requirements*—See the Supplementary Requirements section of this specification.

4.1.6 *Instructions for Spooling, Packaging, and Labeling*—Packaging will be in accordance with Section 10 unless otherwise specified.

4.1.7 *Tests and Certifications Required from the Processor*—Certification will be in accordance with Section 9 unless otherwise specified.

5. Materials and Manufacture

5.1 Thermocouple Wire:

5.1.1 *General*—The thermoelements shall be tungsten-3 % rhenium and tungsten-25 % rhenium or tungsten-5 % rhenium and tungsten-26 % rhenium (Type C), as indicated on the purchase order.

5.1.2 Physical:

5.1.2.1 The diameter of each wire shall be within ± 0.01 mm (0.0005 in.) of the ordered size for 0.5 mm (0.02 in.) diameter wire and smaller. The diameter of each wire shall be uniform end-to-end to within 0.01 mm (0.0005 in.) for 0.5 mm (0.02 in.) diameter wire and smaller.

5.1.2.2 The wires shall be solid, round, smooth and be free of weld joints, slivers, kinks, pits or nicks exceeding 5 % of diameter.

5.1.2.3 The wire surface shall be uniformly clean and free of discoloration.

5.1.2.4 Mechanical or optical methods may be used to verify the requirements of 5.1.2.1, 5.1.2.2, and 5.1.2.3.

5.1.3 Mechanical:

5.1.3.1 The wires shall withstand, at a temperature of 20 °C to 35 °C (68 °F to 95 °F), wrapping five turns around a mandrel five times the diameter of the wire without breaking or splitting.

5.1.3.2 The tests shall be made on at least one specimen from each end of each lot of wire.

5.1.4 Thermoelectric:

5.1.4.1 The emf versus temperature characteristics of the matched thermoelements shall be determined using procedures described in Test Methods E207, E220, or E452.

5.1.4.2 The emf versus temperature relationship of the matched pair of thermoelements shall comply with the values

shown in Guide E1751/E1751M for W3Re/W25Re or Specification E230/E230M for Type C (W5Re/W26Re).

5.1.4.3 The initial calibration tolerance shall be in accordance with Table 1 (W3Re/W25Re). or Specification E230/E230M (W5Re/W26Re), as appropriate.

5.2 Composition:

5.2.1 Positive thermoelement:

5.2.1.1 The positive thermoelement for the W3Re/W25Re combination shall have a nominal composition of 97 % tungsten and 3 % rhenium.

5.2.1.2 The positive thermoelement for the W5Re/W26Re combination shall have a nominal composition of 95 % tungsten and 5 % rhenium.

5.2.1.3 The positive thermoelement shall be doped to maintain ductility after high temperature use.

5.2.2 Negative thermoelement:

5.2.2.1 The negative thermoelement for the W3Re/W25Re combination shall have a nominal composition of 75 % tungsten and 25 % rhenium.

5.2.2.2 The negative thermoelement for the W5Re/W26Re combination shall have a nominal composition of 74 % tungsten and 26 % rhenium.

6. Lot Identification

6.1 Thermocouple wires, test results and certifications shall be identified by manufacturer's lot number.

7. Lot Designation

7.1 A vendor who purchases wire from processors for repackaging and resale shall supply, for each spool, the wire processor's name, lot number and certification to the customer.

8. Extension Wires

8.1 Due to the high cost of tungsten-rhenium alloys, to difficulties encountered in obtaining long continuous lengths of these alloys and to inherent problems in applications where ductility is important, many users find it advantageous to use compensating extension wires made of base metal alloys.

8.2 Information on upper temperature limits and the suppliers guaranteed limits of error for currently available compensating extension wires for W3Re/W25Re can be found in Table 2. Information on upper temperature limits and the suppliers

TABLE 1 Initial Calibration Tolerances and Suggested Temperature Range for W3Re/W25Re Thermocouples^A

Thermocouple Type	Temperature Range		Initial Calibration Tolerance	
	°C	°F	°C (whichever is greater)	°F
W3Re/W25Re	0 to 2315 °C	32 to 4200	± 4.4 or 1 %	Note 3

^A Caution—Users should be aware that certain characteristics of thermocouple materials including calibration may change in time with use; consequently, test results obtained at time of manufacture may not necessarily apply throughout an extended period of use.

NOTE 1—Initial calibration tolerances in this table apply to new thermocouple wire, normally in the size range of 0.127 mm (0.005 in.) to 0.508 mm (0.020 in.) in diameter (No. 36 to 24 AWG) and used at temperatures not exceeding the suggested upper temperatures of Table 1. If used at higher temperatures these initial calibration tolerances may not apply.

NOTE 2—Initial calibration tolerances apply to new wire as delivered to the user and do not allow for calibration drift during use. The magnitude of such changes depends on such factors as wire size, temperature, time of exposure and environment.

NOTE 3—The °F tolerance is 1.8 times larger than the °C tolerance at the equivalent °C temperature. Note particularly that the percentage tolerance only applies to the temperature that is expressed in °C.

NOTE 4—Tables 1 and 2 describe suggested upper temperature limits for the thermocouple and extension wires. These limits apply to protected thermocouples, that is, thermocouples in atmospheres, and in contact with materials, that are non-reactive to the alloys being used.