



Designation: D4704 – 13 (Reapproved 2023)

Standard Test Method for Tearing Strength, Tongue Tear of Leather¹

This standard is issued under the fixed designation D4704; the number immediately following the designation indicates the year of original adoption or, in the case of revision, the year of last revision. A number in parentheses indicates the year of last reapproval. A superscript epsilon (ϵ) indicates an editorial change since the last revision or reapproval.

This standard has been approved for use by agencies of the U.S. Department of Defense.

1. Scope

1.1 This test method is intended for determining the tearing strength of leather by measuring the force required to tear a specimen cut perpendicular to the surface. This test method does not apply to wet blue.

1.2 The values stated in inch-pound units are to be regarded as standard. The values given in parentheses are mathematical conversions to SI units that are provided for information only and are not considered standard.

1.3 *This standard does not purport to address all of the safety concerns, if any, associated with its use. It is the responsibility of the user of this standard to establish appropriate safety, health, and environmental practices and determine the applicability of regulatory limitations prior to use.*

1.4 *This international standard was developed in accordance with internationally recognized principles on standardization established in the Decision on Principles for the Development of International Standards, Guides and Recommendations issued by the World Trade Organization Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) Committee.*

2. Referenced Documents

2.1 *ASTM Standards:*²

D1610 Practice for Conditioning Leather and Leather Products for Testing

D1813 Test Method for Measuring Thickness of Leather Test Specimens

D2209 Test Method for Tensile Strength of Leather

D2813 Practice for Sampling Leather for Physical and Chemical Tests

3. Terminology

3.1 *Definitions of Terms Specific to This Standard:*

¹ This test method is under the jurisdiction of ASTM Committee **D31** on Leather and is the direct responsibility of Subcommittee **D31.07** on Physical Properties

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² For referenced ASTM standards, visit the ASTM website, www.astm.org, or contact ASTM Customer Service at service@astm.org. For *Annual Book of ASTM Standards* volume information, refer to the standard's Document Summary page on the ASTM website.

3.1.1 *tongue tear strength*—the load required to tear the leather between two tongues formed by splitting the leather perpendicular to its surface.

4. Significance and Use

4.1 Knowledge of the strength of the sample can be a determining factor for the end use of the product.

5. Apparatus

5.1 *Testing Machine*, as described in Test Method **D2209**.

5.2 *Thickness Gauge*, a dead weight type of thickness gauge as described in Test Method **D1813**.

5.3 *Steel Die*, to cut test specimens.

6. Sampling and Test Specimens

6.1 Unless otherwise specified, sample the leather according to Practice **D2813**.

6.2 The specimen shall be a rectangular piece of leather, 1 in. $\times$ 4 in. (25.4 mm $\times$ 101.6 mm) by the full thickness of the unit. It shall have a $\frac{3}{16}$ in. (4.76 mm) hole located on the long axis 1 in. (25.4 mm) from one end and shall be split along its axis from the hole to the other end to form two tongues. The direction of the long axis of the specimen relative to the backbone shall be noted. See **Fig. 1**.

7. Conditioning

7.1 All specimens shall be conditioned and tested in an atmosphere as described in Practice **D1610**.

8. Procedure

8.1 Determine the thickness of the specimen to the nearest 0.001 in. (0.01 mm) on the long axis between the hole and the unsplit end of the specimen. The gauge foot shall be adjacent to, but shall not overlap, the hole.

8.2 Clamp one of the tongues on the specimen in each of the testing grips so that the long axis of the tongue is in the direction of the motion of the movable grip. The faces of the grips shall be approximately 2 in. (50.8 mm) from the common base of the tongues (from the hole).